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Press Release

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Monetary Policy Review: No. 4 – 2017

With due consideration to the prevailing and evolving domestic and international macroeconomic environment, the Monetary Board, at its meeting held on 22 June 2017, was of the view that the current monetary policy stance is appropriate and decided to maintain the policy interest rates of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka at their present levels.

The decision of the Monetary Board is consistent with the objective of maintaining inflation at mid-single digit levels over the medium term and thereby facilitating a sustainable growth trajectory. The rationale underpinning the monetary policy stance is set out below.

According to the provisional estimates of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS), the Sri Lankan economy has grown by 3.8 per cent (year-on-year) in the first quarter of 2017. Growth in the first quarter was weighed down by the impact of unfavourable weather conditions, particularly on agriculture related activities. The performance of industry related activities was largely driven by the continued expansion in construction, while services related activities recorded a moderate growth. The economy is expected to recover during the second half of the year.

Following the increasing trend in the first quarter of 2017, year-on-year headline inflation, based on both Colombo Consumer Price Index (CCPI, 2013=100) and National Consumer Price Index (NCPI, 2013=100), moderated during the months of April and May, as envisaged. Core inflation has also displayed a similar trend. As the impact of the revisions to the tax structure and weather-related supply disruptions is expected to dissipate in the period ahead, inflation is projected to moderate to mid-single digits by the end of 2017, and stabilise thereafter.

Monetary expansion remained at elevated levels by end April 2017, driven by the expansion in domestic credit channelled to both the public and private sectors from the banking system. The growth of credit to the private sector continued to decelerate gradually. A further deceleration in the growth of credit to the private sector is anticipated, given the prevailing high nominal and real lending rates in the market. The recent expansion in credit obtained by state owned business enterprises (SOBEs) poses a risk to the behaviour of overall domestic credit, reflecting the need to address concerns in relation to the financial performance of key SOBEs. Meanwhile, a decline in net credit obtained by the government (NCG) was observed in the month of April 2017. The continuation of the government's revenue based fiscal consolidation process and inflows to the government on account of foreign borrowings appear to have reduced the pressure on interest rates in the government securities market substantially.

Despite improved export performance in March and April 2017, a sustained increase in import expenditure resulted in a wider cumulative trade deficit. Tourism related foreign exchange inflows grew on a cumulative basis, and the decline in tourist arrivals observed in the month of May 2017 is expected to be temporary. Workers' remittances recorded a slowdown in the first four months of the year, and any further escalation of geopolitical tensions in the Middle East could adversely affect such inflows in the period ahead. A net foreign inflow was observed in the government securities market since March 2017, while inflows to the Colombo Stock Exchange (CSE) also displayed a positive trend. The Central Bank continued to absorb foreign exchange from the domestic market since March 2017 to build up international reserves. In line with these developments and the successful issuance of the International Sovereign Bond as well as the receipt of syndicated loan proceeds by the government, gross official reserves improved to above US dollars 7.0 billion by mid-June 2017. Meanwhile, the Sri Lankan rupee has depreciated against the US dollar by 2.3 per cent during 2017 up to 21 June.

Against this backdrop, the Monetary Board decided to maintain the Standing Deposit Facility Rate (SDFR) and Standing Lending Facility Rate (SLFR) of the Central Bank at their current levels of 7.25 per cent and 8.75 per cent, respectively.

Monetary Policy Decision:	Policy rates unchanged
Standing Deposit Facility Rate (SDFR	7.25%
Standing Lending Facility Rate (SLFR	8.75%
Statutory Reserve Ratio (SRR)	7 50%

The release of the next regular statement on monetary policy will be on 3 August 2017.

Data Annexure:

Table 1: Real GDP Growth (Provisional)

	Year - on - Year % Change					
Economic Activities	2016	2017				
	Annual	First Quarter				
Agriculture	-4.2	-3.2				
Industries	6.7	6.3				
Services	4.2	3.5				
GDP	4.4	3.8				

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table 2: Inflation

Month		Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	May-17
Headline Inflation (Year on year, %)	CCPI (2013=100)	4.5	5.5	6.8	7.3	6.9	6.0
	NCPI (2013=100)	4.2	6.5	8.2	8.6	8.4	7.1
Core Inflation (Year on year, %)	CCPI (2013=100)	5.8	7.0	7.1	7.3	6.8	5.2
	NCPI (2013=100)	6.7	7.1	7.1	7.0	5.9	4.7

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table 3: Monetary Sector Developments (Provisional)

	Outstanding Amount (Rs. billion)					Year - on - Year % Change					
Indicator	Dec 16	Jan 17	Feb 17	Mar 17	Apr 17	Dec 16	Jan 17	Feb 17	Mar 17	Apr 17	
Reserve Money	856	828	848	892	886	27.1	15.3	14.6	12.7	16.0	
Broad Money (M _{2b})	5,406	5,460	5,552	5,677	5,731	18.4	17.7	18.0	20.0	20.1	
Net Foreign Assets (NFA)	(231)	(328)	(370)	(371)	(341)	22.4	9.1	7.9	15.6	26.6	
Net Domestic Assets (NDA)	5,637	5,788	5,922	6,049	6,072	15.9	15.8	16.0	17.0	16.0	
Net Credit to the Government (NCG)	1,972	2,113	2,192	2,215	2,206	12.1	13.1	14.1	13.3	12.6	
Credit to Public Corporations	495	518	535	553	557	-5.3	-1.8	1.6	7.5	9.0	
Credit to the Private Sector	4,204	4,222	4,293	4,375	4,394	21.9	20.9	21.0	20.4	20.0	
Broad Money (M ₄)	6,630	6,711	6,811	6,951	7,033	15.9	16.1	16.4	18.2	18.4	

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Table 4: Interest Rates

Interest Rate (%)	End Dec 16	End Jan 17	End Feb 17	End Mar 17	End Apr 17	End May 17	As at 22 Jun 17
Policy Rates of the Central Bank							
Standing Deposit Facility Rate	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
Standing Lending Facility Rate	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75
Weighted Average Call Money Rate (AWCMR)	8.42	8.38	8.49	8.75	8.72	8.72	8.75
Treasury Bill Yields (Primary Market)							
91-day	8.72	9.03	9.32	9.63	9.73	9.61	9.60
182-day	9.63	10.07	10.19	10.62	10.70	10.35	10.29
364-day	10.17	10.37	10.58	10.98	11.02	10.71	10.47
Lending Rates							
Average Weighted Prime Lending Rate (Weekly)	11.52	11.49	11.70	11.79	11.78	11.40	11.88
Average Weighted Lending Rate (AWLR)	13.20	13.28	13.29	13.40	13.52	-	-
Average Weighted New Lending Rate (AWNLR)	14.37	14.49	14.62	14.54	15.00	-	-
Deposit Rates							
Average Weighted Deposit Rate (AWDR)	8.17	8.42	8.66	8.81	8.89	8.99	-
Average Weighted Fixed Deposit Rate (AWFDR)	10.46	10.84	11.15	11.38	11.43	11.52	-
Average Weighted New Deposit Rate (AWNDR)	11.17	11.38	11.20	11.49	11.38	-	-

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka