

MAKE SURE YOUR CURRENCY NOTES ARE GENUINE

CHECK FOR MORE THAN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SECURITY FEATURES

1 WATERMARK

Each currency note depicts a different bird as the watermark, which is the same bird portrayed on the note. In addition, the value in numerals appears vertically as a highlighted watermark.



2 RAISED PRINT

Run fingertips across the note and feel the raised printed areas. (e.g.: the Central Bank title, tactile bars, central images etc.).



7 EXTRA SMALL TEXT

When viewed closely, an area of text reading "CBSL" and the numeral value can be seen.



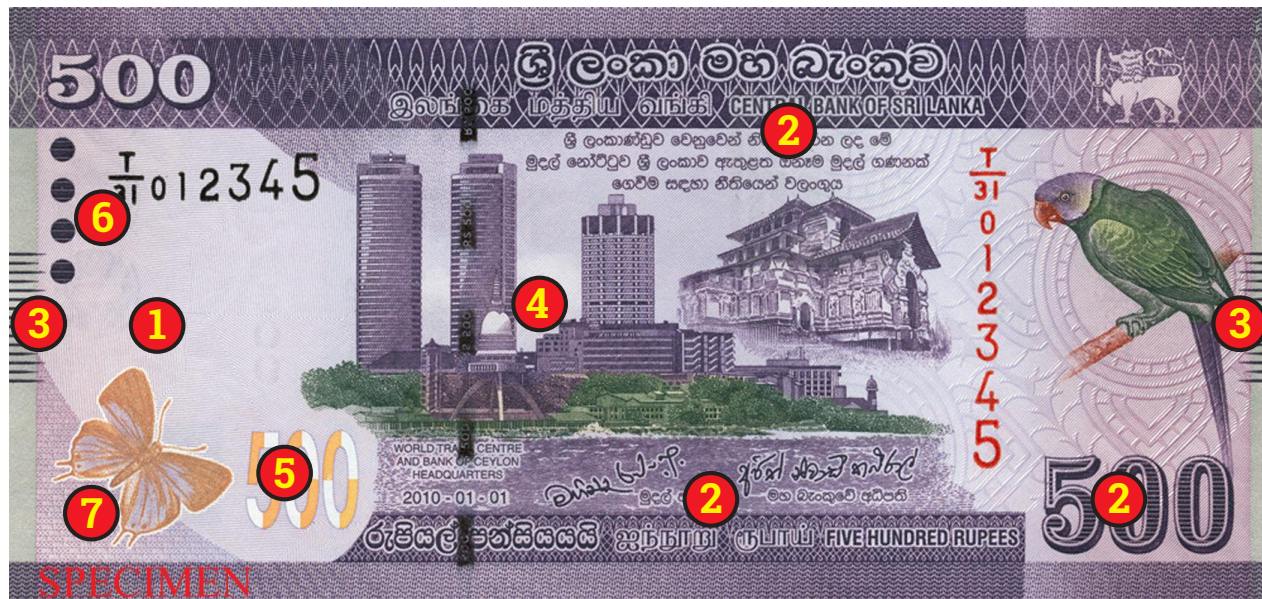
6 BLIND RECOGNITION FEATURE

A vertical order of heavily printed dots (with one dot for Rs.20 currency note) progressing according to denomination appears on the left hand side of the currency note to help the visually impaired to recognize the denomination



5 SEE THROUGH

When the note is held up to the light, the numeral value of the note on the front comes together in perfect register with the reverse on the back of the note.



3 TACTILE BARS

Lines on either side of the currency note can be identified as raised printed areas.



4 SECURITY THREAD

The security threads are different for each denomination, and have the letters "CBSL" and the value. e.g.: Rs.20, Rs.100.

The width of the windowed Starchrome® thread which changes colour from red to green in Rs.5000, Rs.1000 and Rs.500 are 3mm, 2.5mm and 2mm, respectively.

The thread in Rs.100, Rs.50 and Rs.20 is embedded in the currency note.



- It is an offense to deface or imitate a currency note.
- Use currency notes carefully keep them clean to conserve the national wealth



Currency Department, Central Bank of Sri Lanka,
30, Janadhipathi Mawatha, Colomb 01

+94 112477587 +94 112477726 @currency@cbsl.lk